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# SECTION 1: IDENTIFICATION OF THE SUBSTANCE/MIXTURE AND OF THE COMPANY/UNDERTAKING

1.1 Product identifier	
Trade name	MARLIPAL 1618/11
INCI Substance name (REACH / CLP)	Ceteareth-11 Alcohols, C16-18, ethoxylated (>=2.5 moles EO) (CAS: 68439-49-6)
1.2 Relevant identified uses of the subst	ance or mixture and uses advised against
Use	Industrial use raw material for cosmetic agents raw material for washing and cleaning agents surface-active substance
Uses advised against	
1.3 Details of the supplier of the safety of	lata sheet
Company	SASOL Germany GmbH Anckelmannsplatz 1 20537 Hamburg
	Telephone: +49 40 63684-1000 Telefax: +49 40 63684-3700
Information (Product safety):	Telephone: + 49 (0) 23 65 - 49 47 05 Telefax: + 49 (0) 23 65 - 49 92 40
E-mail address	msds-info.germany@de.sasol.com
1.4 Emergency telephone number	
Emergency telephone number	+ 49 (0) 23 65 - 49 22 32

## **SECTION 2: HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION**

### 2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture

### Classification (REGULATION (EC) No 1272/2008)

Acute toxicity Category 4 (Oral) Serious eye damage Category 1 Harmful if swallowed. Causes serious eye damage.

#### 2.2 Label elements

Labelling (REGULATION (EC) No 1272/2008)

Hazard pictograms



Danger

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Signal word
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Hazard statements H302	Harmful if swallowed.
H318	Causes serious eye damage.
Precautionary statements	
P264	Wash skin thoroughly after handling.
P270	Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product.
P280	Wear eye protection/ face protection.
P301 + P312 + P330	IF SWALLOWED: Call a POISON CENTER/doctor if you feel unwell. Rinse mouth.
P305 + P351 + P338 + P310	IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Immediately call a POISON CENTER/doctor.
P501	Dispose of contents/ container to an approved waste disposal plant.

#### 2.3 Other hazards

Danger of slipping after spill or leakage. Forms slippery/greasy layers with water.

## SECTION 3: COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

This product is a substance in the meaning of regulation (EC) 1907/2006.

## COMPONENTS TO BE NAMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH REGULATION (EC) 1907/2006 AS WELL AS OTHER HAZARDOUS INGREDIENTS AND CONTAINED SUBSTANCES WITH WORK PLACE LIMIT VALUES

Alcohols, C16-18, ethoxylated (>= 2.5 EO)

content: >= 90 - <= 100 %			component type: Active ingredient
EC-No.: REACH No.: Not relevant (poly	Index-No.: mer)		CAS-No.: 68439-49-6
Classification (Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008):	Acute Tox. Eye Dam.	4 (Oral) 1	H302 H318
	Specific Concent	ration Limits (	see section 11)
	> 20 % > 1 - 2		ye Dam. Category 1; H318 ye Irrit. Category 2; H319

For the full text of the H-Statements mentioned in this Section, see Section 16.

### **SECTION 4: FIRST AID MEASURES**

4.1 Description of first aid measures		
General advice	If you feel unwell, seek medical advice (show the label where possible).	
If inhaled	Remove from exposure, lie down. If breathing is irregular or stopped, administ artificial respiration. Monitor breathing, give oxygen if necessary. Consult a	er
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	physician.	
In case of skin contact	Wash off immediately with plenty of water. Consult a physician if necessary.	
In case of eye contact	Rinse thoroughly with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes and consult a physician.	
If swallowed	Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. Do NOT induce vomiting. Call a physician immediately.	
4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed		
Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed	Symptoms: No information available.	
	Risks: No information available.	
4.3 Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed		

Indication of any immediate medical attention and special	Treatment: No information available.
treatment needed	

## **SECTION 5: FIREFIGHTING MEASURES**

#### 5.1 Extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing media	Water spray, Dry powder, Foam, Carbon dioxide (CO2)
5.2 Special hazards arising from the su	ubstance or mixture
Specific hazards during firefighting	Dangerous gases or fumes may occur in case of fire.
5.3 Advice for firefighters	
Special protective equipment for firefighters	Wear self-contained breathing apparatus for firefighting if necessary.
Further information	Standard procedure for chemical fires.

### SECTION 6: ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures		
Personal precautions	Use personal protective equipment.	
6.2 Environmental precautions		
Environmental precautions	Avoid subsoil penetration. Do not flush into surface water or sanitary sewer system.	
6.3 Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up		
Methods for cleaning up	Use mechanical handling equipment. The material taken up must be disposed of in accordance with regulations.	
6.4 Reference to other sections		
	For personal protection see section 8.	



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## SECTION 7: HANDLING AND STORAGE

7.1 Precautions for safe handling	9
Advice on safe handling	Wear personal protective equipment. Avoid contact with skin and eyes.
Advice on protection agair fire and explosion	<ul> <li>Provide sufficient air exchange and/or exhaust in work rooms.</li> <li>Do not spray on a naked flame or any incandescent material.</li> </ul>
Fire-fighting class	B: Fires involving liquids or liquid containing substances. Also includes substances which become liquid at elevated temperatures.
7.2 Conditions for safe storage,	including any incompatibilities
Requirements for storage a and containers	areas Keep tightly closed in a dry and cool place.
Storage class (TRGS 510)	11: Combustible Solids
Other data	Stable at normal ambient temperature and pressure.
7.3 Specific end use(s)	
Specific use(s)	This information is not available.

### SECTION 8: EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

#### 8.1 Control parameters

COMPONENTS WITH WORKPLACE CONTROL PARAMETERS

### National occupational exposure limits

No data available

#### EUROPEAN OCCUPATIONAL EXPOSURE LIMITS

No data available

#### DERIVED NO EFFECT LEVEL (DNEL)

Substance name: Alcohols, C16-18, ethoxylated (>= 2.5 EO) No data available

### PREDICTED NO EFFECT CONCENTRATION (PNEC)

Substance name: Alcohols, C16-18, ethoxylated (>= 2.5 EO) No data available

#### 8.2 Exposure controls

### ENGINEERING MEASURES

If possible, use material transfer/filling, metering and blending plants that are closed.



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Respiratory protection	In inadequately ventilated areas, where workplace limits are exceeded, where
	unpleasant odours exist or where dust, fibres and smoke occur, use self-contained
	breathing apparatus or breathing apparatus with a type P2 or P3 filter, in compliance with EN 143. No personal respiratory protective equipment normally
	required.
Hand protection	The choice of an appropriate glove does not only depend on its material but also on other quality features and is different from one producer to the other., Please observe the instructions regarding permeability and breakthrough time which are provided by the supplier of the gloves. Also take into consideration the specific local conditions under which the product is used, such as the danger of cuts, abrasion, and the contact time., Be aware that in daily use the durability of a chemical resistant protective glove can be notably shorter than the break through time measured according to EN 374, due to the numerous outside influences (e.g temperature).
	gloves suitable for permanent contact:
	Material: butyl-rubber Break through time: >= 480 min
	Layer thickness: >= 0,7 mm
	gloves suitable for splash protection:
	Material: Nitrile rubber/nitrile latex Break through time: >= 30 min
	Layer thickness: >= 0,4 mm
Eye protection	Tightly fitting safety goggles, Safety glasses with side-shields
Skin and body protection	Wear suitable protective equipment.
Hygiene measures	Avoid contact with eyes. General industrial hygiene practice. Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety practice. Keep away from food, drink and animal feedingstuffs. When using, do not eat, drink or smoke.
Protective measures	Avoid contact with eyes. Wear suitable gloves and eye/face protection.
ENVIRONMENTAL EXPOSURE	CONTROLS
General advice	Avoid subsoil penetration.
	Avoid Subsoil penetration.
Water	Do not flush into surface water or sanitary sewer system.
	CHEMICAL PROPERTIES
nformation on basic physical a	and chemical properties
Physical state	solid; 20 °C; 1.013 hPa
Form	Solid form
Colour	white
Odour	mild
Odour Threshold	No valid method available
рН	5 - 7; 20 g/l; 20 °C

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Melting point/rangeca. 35 °CBoiling point/boiling rangeNot applicableFlash point> 200 °C; DIN 51376Evaporation rateNot relevant / not applicable Justification: SolidFlammability (solid, gas)No data availableLower explosion limitNo data availableUpper explosion limitNo data availableVapour pressure< 0,1 hPa; 20 °CRelative vapour densityNot relevant / not applicable, Justification: SolidDensityca. 0,97 g/cm3; 50 °CWater solubility20 °C; completely misciblePartition coefficient: n- octanol/waterNot relevant / not applicable Justification: surface-active substanceIgnition temperature> 300 °C; DIN 51794Auto-ignition temperaturenot auto-flammableViscosity, dynamicca. 35 mPas; 50 °C; Brookfield methodExplosive propertiesnot expected based on structure and functional groupsOxidizing propertiesnot expected based on structure and functional groups		
Flash point> 200 °C; DIN 51376Evaporation rateNot relevant / not applicable Justification: SolidFlammability (solid, gas)No data availableLower explosion limitNo data availableUpper explosion limitNo data availableVapour pressure< 0,1 hPa; 20 °CRelative vapour densityNot relevant / not applicable, Justification: SolidDensityca.0,97 g/cm3; 50 °CWater solubility20 °C; completely misciblePartition coefficient: n- octanol/waterNot relevant / not applicable Justification: surface-active substanceIgnition temperature> 300 °C; DIN 51794Auto-ignition temperaturenot auto-flammableViscosity, dynamicca. 35 mPas; 50 °C; Brookfield methodExplosive propertiesnot expected based on structure and functional groupsOxter dataViter data	Melting point/range	ca. 35 °C
Evaporation rateNot relevant / not applicable Justification: SolidFlammability (solid, gas)No data availableLower explosion limitNo data availableUpper explosion limitNo data availableVapour pressure< 0,1 hPa; 20 °C	Boiling point/boiling range	Not applicable
Flammability (solid, gas)No data availableFlammability (solid, gas)No data availableLower explosion limitNo data availableUpper explosion limitNo data availableVapour pressure< 0,1 hPa; 20 °C	Flash point	> 200 °C; DIN 51376
Lower explosion limitNo data availableUpper explosion limitNo data availableVapour pressure< 0,1 hPa; 20 °CRelative vapour densityNot relevant / not applicable, Justification: SolidDensityca.0,97 g/cm3; 50 °CWater solubility20 °C; completely misciblePartition coefficient: n- octanol/waterNot relevant / not applicable Justification: surface-active substanceIgnition temperature> 300 °C; DIN 51794Auto-ignition temperaturenot auto-flammableViscosity, dynamicca. 35 mPas; 50 °C; Brookfield methodExplosive propertiesnot expected based on structure and functional groupsOther dataViscosity	Evaporation rate	11
Upper explosion limitNo data availableVapour pressure< 0,1 hPa; 20 °CRelative vapour densityNot relevant / not applicable, Justification: SolidDensityca.0,97 g/cm3; 50 °CWater solubility20 °C; completely misciblePartition coefficient: n- octanol/waterNot relevant / not applicable Justification: surface-active substanceIgnition temperature> 300 °C; DIN 51794Auto-ignition temperaturenot auto-flammableViscosity, dynamicca. 35 mPas; 50 °C; Brookfield methodExplosive propertiesnot expected based on structure and functional groupsOxidizing propertiesnot expected based on structure and functional groups	Flammability (solid, gas)	No data available
Vapour pressure< 0,1 hPa; 20 °CRelative vapour densityNot relevant / not applicable, Justification: SolidDensityca.0,97 g/cm3; 50 °CWater solubility20 °C; completely misciblePartition coefficient: n- octanol/waterNot relevant / not applicable Justification: surface-active substanceIgnition temperature> 300 °C; DIN 51794Auto-ignition temperaturenot auto-flammableViscosity, dynamicca. 35 mPas; 50 °C; Brookfield methodExplosive propertiesnot expected based on structure and functional groupsOxidizing propertiesnot expected based on structure and functional groups	Lower explosion limit	No data available
Relative vapour densityNot relevant / not applicable, Justification: SolidDensityca.0,97 g/cm3; 50 °CWater solubility20 °C; completely misciblePartition coefficient: n- octanol/waterNot relevant / not applicable Justification: surface-active substanceIgnition temperature> 300 °C; DIN 51794Auto-ignition temperaturenot auto-flammableViscosity, dynamicca. 35 mPas; 50 °C; Brookfield methodExplosive propertiesnot expected based on structure and functional groupsOxidizing propertiesnot expected based on structure and functional groups	Upper explosion limit	No data available
Densityca.0,97 g/cm3; 50 °CWater solubility20 °C; completely misciblePartition coefficient: n- octanol/waterNot relevant / not applicable Justification: surface-active substanceIgnition temperature> 300 °C; DIN 51794Auto-ignition temperaturenot auto-flammableViscosity, dynamicca. 35 mPas; 50 °C; Brookfield methodExplosive propertiesnot expected based on structure and functional groupsOxidizing propertiesnot expected based on structure and functional groups	Vapour pressure	< 0,1 hPa; 20 °C
Water solubility20 °C; completely misciblePartition coefficient: n- octanol/waterNot relevant / not applicable Justification: surface-active substanceIgnition temperature> 300 °C; DIN 51794Auto-ignition temperaturenot auto-flammableViscosity, dynamicca. 35 mPas; 50 °C; Brookfield methodExplosive propertiesnot expected based on structure and functional groupsOxidizing propertiesnot expected based on structure and functional groups	Relative vapour density	Not relevant / not applicable, Justification: Solid
Partition coefficient: n- octanol/waterNot relevant / not applicable Justification: surface-active substanceIgnition temperature> 300 °C; DIN 51794Auto-ignition temperaturenot auto-flammableViscosity, dynamicca. 35 mPas; 50 °C; Brookfield methodExplosive propertiesnot expected based on structure and functional groupsOxidizing propertiesnot expected based on structure and functional groups	Density	ca.0,97 g/cm3; 50 °C
octanol/waterJustification: surface-active substanceIgnition temperature> 300 °C; DIN 51794Auto-ignition temperaturenot auto-flammableViscosity, dynamicca. 35 mPas; 50 °C; Brookfield methodExplosive propertiesnot expected based on structure and functional groupsOxidizing propertiesnot expected based on structure and functional groupsOther dataDescription	Water solubility	20 °C; completely miscible
Auto-ignition temperaturenot auto-flammableViscosity, dynamicca. 35 mPas; 50 °C; Brookfield methodExplosive propertiesnot expected based on structure and functional groupsOxidizing propertiesnot expected based on structure and functional groupsOther data		
Viscosity, dynamicca. 35 mPas; 50 °C; Brookfield methodExplosive propertiesnot expected based on structure and functional groupsOxidizing propertiesnot expected based on structure and functional groupsOther data	Ignition temperature	> 300 °C; DIN 51794
Explosive properties       not expected based on structure and functional groups         Oxidizing properties       not expected based on structure and functional groups         Other data       Difference	Auto-ignition temperature	not auto-flammable
Oxidizing properties       not expected based on structure and functional groups         Other data	Viscosity, dynamic	ca. 35 mPas; 50 °C; Brookfield method
Other data	Explosive properties	not expected based on structure and functional groups
	Oxidizing properties	not expected based on structure and functional groups
	Other data	
Additional advice no data	Additional advice	no data

## SECTION 10: STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

10.1 Reactivity Note	Stable at normal ambient temperature and pressure.
10.2 Chemical stability Note	No decomposition if stored and applied as directed.
10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions Hazardous reactions	None known.
10.4 Conditions to avoid Conditions to avoid	Direct heating, dirt, chemical contamination, sunlight, UV or ionising radiation.
10.5 Incompatible materials to avoid Materials to avoid	Strong acids and oxidizing agents;
10.6 Hazardous decomposition produc Hazardous decomposition products	ts No decomposition if stored normally.



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Thermal decomposition

Hazardous decomposition products formed under fire conditions.

## SECTION 11: TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

11.1 Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity	
Acute oral toxicity	Alcohols, C16-18, ethoxylated (>= 2.5 EO): LD50 Rat: > 300 - 2.000 mg/kg own test results/literature values Category approach Harmful if swallowed.
Acute inhalation toxicity	Alcohols, C16-18, ethoxylated (>= 2.5 EO): No data available
Acute dermal toxicity	Alcohols, C16-18, ethoxylated (>= 2.5 EO): LD50 Rabbit: > 2.000 mg/kg; Category approach own test results/literature values Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.
Skin corrosion/irritation	
Skin irritation	Alcohols, C16-18, ethoxylated (>= 2.5 EO): Rabbit: not irritating own test results/literature values Category approach Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.
Serious eye damage/eye irritation	
Eye irritation	Alcohols, C16-18, ethoxylated (>= 2.5 EO): Rabbit: May cause irreversible eye damage. Category approach own test results/literature values Causes serious eye damage.
	Alcohols, C16-18, ethoxylated (>= 2.5 EO): Rabbit: irritating Test substance: 20% dilution Causes serious eye irritation.
Respiratory or skin sensitisation	
Sensitisation	Alcohols, C16-18, ethoxylated (>= 2.5 EO): Maximisation Test Guinea pig: not sensitizing Category approach (literature value) Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.
Germ cell mutagenicity	
Genotoxicity in vitro	Alcohols, C16-18, ethoxylated (>= 2.5 EO): In vitro tests did not show mutagenic effects Category approach own test results/literature values
Genotoxicity in vivo	Alcohols, C16-18, ethoxylated (>= 2.5 EO): In vivo tests did not show mutagenic effects Category approach (literature value)
Remarks	Alcohols, C16-18, ethoxylated (>= 2.5 EO):
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	Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.
Carcinogenicity	
Carcinogenicity	Alcohols, C16-18, ethoxylated (>= 2.5 EO): The substance has been shown to be not genotoxic, therefore it is not expected to have a carcinogenic potential. Category approach (literature value)
Remarks	Alcohols, C16-18, ethoxylated (>= 2.5 EO): Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.
Reproductive toxicity	
Reproductive toxicity	Alcohols, C16-18, ethoxylated (>= 2.5 EO): No indications that the substance caused adverse effects on reproductive organs. Category approach (literature value)
RemarksReproductive toxicity	Alcohols, C16-18, ethoxylated (>= 2.5 EO): Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.
Teratogenicity	Alcohols, C16-18, ethoxylated (>= 2.5 EO): Did not show teratogenic effects in animal experiments. Category approach (literature value)
Remarks-Teratogenicity	Alcohols, C16-18, ethoxylated (>= 2.5 EO): Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.
STOT - single exposure	
Remarks	Alcohols, C16-18, ethoxylated (>= 2.5 EO): The substance or mixture is not classified as specific target organ toxicant, single exposure.
STOT - repeated exposure	
Remarks	Alcohols, C16-18, ethoxylated (>= 2.5 EO): The substance or mixture is not classified as specific target organ toxicant, repeated exposure.
Repeated dose toxicity	Alcohols, C16-18, ethoxylated (>= 2.5 EO): Rat; Oral; 2 years NOAEL: 50 mg/kg (based on body weight and day) Target Organs: Heart, Liver, Kidney Symptoms: reduced body weight gain, increased relative organ weights Category approach (literature value)
Aspiration hazard	
Aspiration toxicity	Alcohols, C16-18, ethoxylated (>= 2.5 EO): Not applicable
Toxicological information	Alcohols, C16-18, ethoxylated (>= 2.5 EO): Toxicokinetics Category approach The substance is expected to be rapidly absorbed and excreted. (literature value)



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## SECTION 12: ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

12.1 Toxicity	
Toxicity to fish	Alcohols, C16-18, ethoxylated (>= 2.5 EO): LC50 (96 h) Brachydanio rerio (zebrafish): > 1 - 10 mg/l ; semi-static test own test results/literature values Category approach
Toxicity to fish - Chronic toxicity	Alcohols, C16-18, ethoxylated (>= 2.5 EO): No data available
Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates	Alcohols, C16-18, ethoxylated (>= 2.5 EO): EC50 (48 h) Daphnia magna (Water flea): > 1 - 10 mg/l ; static test; own test results/literature values Category approach
Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates - Chronic toxicity	Alcohols, C16-18, ethoxylated (>= 2.5 EO): No data available
Toxicity to aquatic plants	Alcohols, C16-18, ethoxylated (>= 2.5 EO): EC10 (72 h) algae: 9,5 mg/l ; Growth rate; own test results/literature values; Category approach
Toxicity to bacteria	Alcohols, C16-18, ethoxylated (>= 2.5 EO): EC50 activated sludge: 140 mg/l; Respiration inhibition Category approach (literature value)
Toxicity to terrestrial flora	Alcohols, C16-18, ethoxylated (>= 2.5 EO): emergence, growth; NOEC: 10 mg/kg; Lepidium sativum (cress); OECD Test Guideline 208 own test results/literature values Category approach
Toxicity for other terrestrial non-mammalian fauna	Alcohols, C16-18, ethoxylated (>= 2.5 EO): No data available
12.2 Persistence and degradability	
Biodegradability	Alcohols, C16-18, ethoxylated (>= 2.5 EO): Readily biodegradable.; > 60 %; 28 d; aerobic; OECD Test Guideline 301B own test results/literature values Category approach
12.3 Bioaccumulative potential	
Bioaccumulation	Alcohols, C16-18, ethoxylated (>= 2.5 EO): Bioaccumulation is unlikely. (literature value)
12.4 Mobility in soil	
Mobility	Alcohols, C16-18, ethoxylated (>= 2.5 EO): Adsorption/Soil; Koc: > 5000; QSAR immobile strong adsorption to soil (literature value)
12.5 Results of PBT and vPvB assess	ment
Results of PBT assessment	This substance/mixture contains no components considered to be either persistent, bioaccumulative and toxic (PBT), or very persistent and very bioaccumulative (vPvB) at levels of 0.1% or higher.
Results of PBT assessment	Alcohols, C16-18, ethoxylated (>= 2.5 EO): Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met. Category approach
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#### 12.6 Other adverse effects

General advice

Alcohols, C16-18, ethoxylated (>= 2.5 EO): None known.

### **SECTION 13: DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS**

#### 13.1 Waste treatment methods

Product

waste code of the European Union: EWC Can be incinerated, when in compliance with local regulations.

The waste code must be determined in agreement with the regional waste disposal authority or company. A waste code in accordance with the European Waste Catalogue (EWC) may not be assigned to this product since it admits of a classification only when the consumer uses it for some purpose.

### SECTION 14: TRANSPORT INFORMATION

#### 14.1 UN number

ADR	Not dangerous goods
RID	Not dangerous goods
ADN	Not dangerous goods
IMDG	Not dangerous goods
ICAO/IATA	Not dangerous goods
14.2 Proper shipping name	
ADR	Not dangerous goods
RID	Not dangerous goods
ADN	Not dangerous goods
IMDG	Not dangerous goods
ICAO/IATA	Not dangerous goods
14.3 Transport hazard class	
ADR	Not dangerous goods
RID	Not dangerous goods
ADN	Not dangerous goods
IMDG	Not dangerous goods
ICAO/IATA	Not dangerous goods
14.4 Packing group	
ADR	Not dangerous goods
RID	Not dangerous goods
ADN	Not dangerous goods
IMDG	Not dangerous goods
ICAO/IATA	Not dangerous goods

<sup>14.5</sup> Environmental hazards



	Environmentally hazardous	
	Environmentally hazardous	
	Environmentally hazardous	
i	Marine pollutant	
/IATA	Environmentally hazardous	
/IATA	Environmentally hazardous	

#### 14.6 Special precautions for user

14.7 Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and the IBC Code

Remarks

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No information available.

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## **SECTION 15: REGULATORY INFORMATION**

### 15.1 Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

Occupational restrictions	Employment restrictions for children and young workers in accordance with Directive 94/33/EC and the respective national provisions are to be observed.
NATIONAL/OTHER REGULATIONS	
Legislation on the control of major-accident hazards involving dangerous substances	Seveso III: Directive 2012/18/EU of the European Parliament and of the Council on the control of major-accident hazards involving dangerous substances. list entry in the directive:: Not applicable
Other regulations	This surfactant complies with the biodegradability criteria as laid down in Regulation (EC) No.648/2004 on detergents. Data to support this assertion are held at the disposal of the competent authorities of the Member States and will be made available to them, at their direct request or at the request of a detergent manufacturer.



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NOTIFICATION STATUS		
Switzerland. Consolidated Inventory	CH INV	listed (product or constituents are listed)
US. Toxic Substances Control Act	TSCA	listed (product or constituents are listed)
Canada. Canadian Environmental Protection Act (CEPA). Domestic Substances List (DSL)	DSL	listed (product or constituents are listed)
Australia. Industrial Chemical (Notification and Assessment) Act	AICS	listed (product or constituents are listed)
Japan. Kashin-Hou Law List	ENCS (JP)	listed (product or constituents are listed)
Japan. Industrial Safety & Health Law (ISHL) List	ISHL (JP)	listed (product or constituents are listed)
Korea. Existing Chemicals Inventory (KECI)	KECI (KR)	listed (product or constituents are listed)
Philippines. The Toxic Substances and Hazardous and Nuclear Waste Control Act	PICCS (PH)	listed (product or constituents are listed)
China. Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances	INV (CN)	listed (product or constituents are listed)

Please note: the names and CAS numbers which are used for this product in the stated inventories may deviate from the information which is listed in chapter 3.

#### 15.2 Chemical safety assessment

### Alcohols, C16-18, ethoxylated (>= 2.5 EO)

A Chemical Safety Assessment is not required for this substance (exempted from obligation to register).

### **SECTION 16: OTHER INFORMATION**

### Full text of H-Statements referred to under sections 2 and 3.

H302	Harmful if swallowed.
H318	Causes serious eye damage.

#### Safety datasheet sections which have been updated:

3. Composition/information on ingredients

11. Toxicological information

Further information:	The information provided in this Safety Data Sheet is correct to the best of our knowledge, information and belief at the date of its publication. The information given is designed only as a guidance for safe handling, use, processing, storage, transportation, disposal and release and is not to be considered a warranty or quality specification. The information relates only to the specific material designated and may not be valid for such material used in combination with any other materials or in any process, unless specified in the text. This safety datasheet only contains information relating to safety and does not
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replace any product information or product specification.

### Key or legend to abbreviations and acronyms used in the safety data sheet

ADN	Accord européen relatif au transport international des marchandises dangereuses par voie de navigation intérieure
ADR	Accord européen relatif au transport international des marchandises Dangereuses par Route
AICS	Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances
ANSI	American National Standards Institute
ASTM	American Society of Testing and Materials (US)
BCF	Bioconcentration factor
CLP	Regulation on Classification, Labelling and Packaging of Substances and Mixtures
DIN	Deutsches Institut für Normung
DNEL	Derived No-Effect Level
DSL	Domestic Substances List
EC	Effect concentration %
ENCS	Existing Notified Chemical Substances (Japan)
EWC	European Waste Catalogue
IATA	International Air Transport Association
IBC	Intermediate Bulk Container
ICAO	International Civil Aviation Organization
IMDG	International Maritime Dangerous Goods
IMO	International Maritime Organization
ISHL	Industrial Safety and Health Law (Japan)
ISO	International Organization for Standardization
IUAPC	International Union of Pure and Applied Chemistry
KECI	Korea Existing Chemicals Inventory
LC	Lethal Concentration,%
LD	Lethal Dose,%
MARPOL	International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution From Ships
NDSL	Non-Domestic Substances List
NOAEL	no observable adverse effect level
NOEL/NOEC	No Observed-effect level/concentration
NZIoC	New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals
OECD	Organisation for Economic Co-operation and Development
PBT	persistent, bioaccumulative, toxic
PICCS	Philippine Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances
PNEC	Predicted No-Effect Concentration
REACH	Registration, Evaluation, Authorisation and Restriction of Chemicals
RID	Règlement concernant le transport international ferroviaire de marchandises dangereuses
TG	Test Guideline
TRGS	Technische Regeln für Gefahrstoffe
TSCA	Toxic Substances Control Act
vPvB	very persistent, very bioaccumulative
WGK	Wassergefährdungsklasse